

SE500 Series CLI

USER MANUAL



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Supported Models

The user manual is only available for the following models:

Table 1: Supported Models

SEG510-2SFP-T	SEG512-4SFP-T	SEG520-4SFP-T
SEG528-4SFP-T	SEG610-2SFP-T	SEG612-4SFP-T
SEG620-4SFP-T	SEG628-4SFP-T	

Technical Support and Assistance

1. Visit the Advantech web site at www.advantech.com/support where you can find the latest information about the product.
2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Warnings, Cautions and Notes

Warning! *Warnings indicate conditions, which if not observed, can cause personal injury!*



Caution! *Cautions are included to help you avoid damaging hardware or losing data. e.g.*



There is a danger of a new battery exploding if it is incorrectly installed. Do not attempt to recharge, force open, or heat the battery. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Note! *Notes provide optional additional information.*



Document Feedback

To assist us in making improvements to this manual, we would welcome comments and constructive criticism. Please send all such - in writing to: support@advantech.com

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COMMAND LINE INTERFACE

Using the Command-Line Interface

The Advantech IOS command-line interface (CLI) is the primary user interface used to configure, monitor, and maintain Advantech devices. The user interface allows you to directly execute CLI commands. Note that all CLI options are also available via the web browser interface.

This chapter describes the basic features of the Advantech IOS CLI and how to use them. Topics covered include the following:

- Layer 2 features
- Multicast
- IGMP Snooping
- MLD Snooping
- Redundancy
- QoS
- Security
- Management
- Diagnostic



Initially Configuring a Device

The initial configuration of a device varies by device. This document provides configuration information for the listed devices.

After initially configuring and connecting the device to the network, you can configure the device by using the remote access method, such as Telnet or Secure Shell (SSH), to access the CLI or by using the configuration method provided on the device, such as Security Device Manager.

Understanding Command Syntax

The command syntax is the format used for entering CLI commands. The commands are derived from the use of the command, keywords, and arguments. The keywords are alphanumeric strings used literally, while arguments are used as placeholders for required values.

Understanding Admin and User Accounts

Two levels of account privilege are available, admin (for system administrators), and user (for general users). An admin account is required to add additional accounts and assign account privileges. The following table displays the account management commands used to create and edit admin and user accounts.

Table 2: Account Management Commands

Account Manager			
show username	User EXEC	Show all user accounts in local database.	Switch# show username
show privilege	User EXEC	Show current privilege level.	Switch# show privilege
username WORD<0-32> [privilege (admin user)] (password WORD<0-32>) (secret [encrypted] WORD<0-32>) nopassword	Admin EXEC	Use "username" command to add a new user account or edit an existing user account.	switch(config)# username test privilege admin secret 1234
no username WORD<0-32>	Admin EXEC	Delete an existing user account.	switch(config)# no username test
enable (password (secret [encrypted])) PASSWORD	Admin EXEC	Edit password for each privilege level for enable authentication.	switch(config)# enable secret 1234
no enable	Admin EXEC	Restore enable password to default empty value.	switch(config)# no enable

Understanding Enable and Enable Secret Passwords

Some privileged EXEC commands are used for actions that impact the system, and it is recommended that you set a password for these commands to prevent unauthorized use. Two types of passwords, enable (not encrypted) and enable secret (encrypted), can be set.

The following commands set these passwords and are issued in global configuration mode:

- enable password
- enable secret password

Abbreviating Commands

Typing a complete command name is not always required for the command to execute. The CLI recognizes an abbreviated command when the abbreviation contains enough characters to uniquely identify the command. For example, the **show version** command can be abbreviated as **sh ver**. It cannot be abbreviated as **s ver** because **s** could mean **show**, **set**, or **systat**. The **sh v** abbreviation also is not valid because the show command has **vrp** as a keyword in addition to version. (Command and keyword examples are from Cisco IOS Release 12.4(13)T.)

Using Aliases for CLI Commands

To save time and the repetition of entering the same command multiple times, you can use a command alias. An alias can be configured to do anything that can be done at the command line, but an alias cannot move between modes, type in passwords, or perform any interactive functions.

Table 3 shows the default command aliases.

Table 3: Default Command Aliases

Command Alias	Original Command
h	help
lo	logout
P	ping
s	show
u or un	undebug
w	where

L2 Features

Port Configuration

Table 4: Port Configuration

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] shutdown	Admin EXEC	Use "shutdown" command to disable port and use "no shutdown" to enable port. If port is error disabled for any reason, use "no shutdown" command to recover the port manually.	This example shows how to modify port duplex configuration. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# shutdown
speed (10 100)	Admin EXEC	Use "speed" command to change port speed configuration. The speed is only able to configure to the physical maximum speed. For example, in fast Ethernet port, speed 1000 is not available.	This example shows how to modify port speed configuration. switch(config)# interface fa2 switch(config-if)# speed auto 10/100
speed (1000)	Admin EXEC		
speed auto [(10 100 10/100)]	Admin EXEC		
speed auto [(1000)]	Admin EXEC		
duplex (auto full half)	Admin EXEC	Use "duplex" command to change port duplex configuration.	This example shows how to modify port duplex configuration. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# duplex full switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# interface fa2 switch(config-if)# duplex half

Table 4: Port Configuration (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
description WORD<1-" SYS_STR_CONST(SY S_PORTDESC_STR_L EN) ">	Admin EXEC	Use "description" com- mand to give the port a name to identify it easily. If description includes space character, please use double quotes to wrap it.	This example shows how to modify port descriptions. switch(config)# interface fa2 switch(config-if)# description "uplink port"
no description	Admin EXEC	Use no form to restore description to empty string.	
[no] protected	Admin EXEC	Use "protected" command to protect port. Protected port is only allowed to com- municate with unprotected port. In other words, pro- tected port is not allowed to communicate with another protected port. Use no form to make port unprotected	This example shows how to configure ports fa1 and fa2 as protected ports. switch(config)# interface range fa1-2 switch(config-if-range)# pro- tected

MAC Address Table

Table 5: MAC Address Table

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show mac address-table aging-time	User EXEC	View the aging time of the address table.	switch# show mac address- table aging-time
show mac address-table A:B:C:D:E:F [vlan <1- 4094>]	User EXEC	Displays entries for a spe- cific MAC address (for all or VLAN).	switch# show mac address- table 0:1:2:3:4:5 vlan 1
show mac address-table [vlan <1-4094>] [inter- faces IF_PORTS]	User EXEC	View MAC entry on speci- fied interface or VLAN or all dynamic MAC entries in MAC address table.	switch# show mac address- table vlan 1 interface fa5
show mac address-table static [vlan <1-4094>] [interfaces IF_PORTS]	User EXEC	View static MAC entry on specified interface or VLAN or all dynamic MAC entries in MAC address table.	switch# show mac address- table static vlan 1 interface fa5
show mac address-table dynamic [vlan <1-4094>] [interfaces IF_PORTS]	User EXEC	View dynamic MAC entry on specified interface or VLAN or all dynamic MAC entries in MAC address table.	switch# show mac address- table dynamic vlan 1 interface fa5
show mac address-table counters	User EXEC	Display the number of addresses present in MAC address table.	switch# show mac address- table counters
clear mac address-table dynamic [interfaces IF_PORTS]	Admin EXEC	Delete dynamic MAC entry on specified interface or all dynamic MAC entries in MAC address table.	switch(config)# clear mac address-table dynamic inter- faces fa5
clear mac address-table dynamic vlan <1-4094>	Admin EXEC	Delete dynamic MAC entry on specified VLAN dynamic MAC entry in MAC address table.	switch(config)# clear mac address-table dynamic vlan 1

Table 5: MAC Address Table (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
mac address-table aging-time <10-630>	Admin EXEC	Set the aging time of the address table.	switch(config)# mac address-table aging-time 300
mac address-table static A:B:C:D:E:F vlan <1-4094> interfaces IF_PORTS	Admin EXEC	Add static addresses to the MAC address table.	switch(config)# mac address-table static 0:1:2:3:4:5 vlan 1 interfaces fa5
no mac address-table static A:B:C:D:E:F vlan <1-4094>	Admin EXEC	Delete static addresses from the MAC address table.	switch(config)# no mac address-table static 0:1:2:3:4:5 vlan 1 interfaces fa5

Jumbo Frame

Table 6: Jumbo Frame

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
jumbo-frame <1518-9216>	Admin EXEC	Use "jumbo-frame" command to modify maximum frame size. The only way to show this configuration is by using "show running-config" command.	This example shows how to modify maximum frame size to 9216 bytes. switch(config)# jumbo-frame 9216
no jumbo-frame	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable jumbo-frame.	switch(config)# no jumbo-frame

Flow Control

Table 7: Flow Control

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] back-pressure	Admin EXEC	Use "back-pressure" command to change port back-pressure configuration. Use no form to restore back-pressure to default (off) configuration.	This example shows how to modify port duplex configuration. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# back-pressure switch(config-if)# no back-pressure
flowcontrol (off on)	Admin EXEC	Use "flow-control" command to change port flow control configuration. Use off form to restore flow control to default (off) configuration.	This example shows how to modify port duplex configuration. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# flow-control on switch(config-if)# flow-control off

Spanning Tree

Table 8: Spanning Tree

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show spanning-tree [instance <0-15>]	User EXEC	Show spanning-tree instance information.	switch# show spanning-tree instance 10
show spanning-tree interfaces IF_PORTS [instance <0-15>]	User EXEC	Show spanning-tree instance information per port.	switch# show spanning-tree interface gi1 instance 10
show spanning-tree	User EXEC	Show spanning-tree information.	switch# show spanning-tree
show spanning-tree interfaces IF_PORTS	User EXEC	Show spanning-tree state of one port.	switch# show spanning-tree interface gi1
show spanning-tree interfaces IF_PORTS statistic	User EXEC	Show spanning-tree statistics of one port.	switch# show spanning-tree interface gi1 statistic
[no] spanning-tree	Admin EXEC	Enable or Disable Spanning-Tree Protocol.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree bpdu (filtering flooding)	Admin EXEC	Specify the forwarding action of BPDU to filtering or flooding.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree bpdu filtering switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree bpdu	Admin EXEC	Restore to default BPDU action. Default action is flooding.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree bpdu switch(config)# exit"
spanning-tree mode (stp rstp mstp)	Admin EXEC	Specify the mode to Spanning Tree Protocol. Specify the mode to Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol. Specify the mode to Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree mode stp switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree force-version	Admin EXEC	Restore to default stp version. Default stp version is rstp.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree force-version switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree priority <0-61440>	Admin EXEC	Specify the bridge priority; must use multiples of 4096.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree priority 16384 switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree priority	Admin EXEC	Restore to default priority. Default priority is 32768.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree priority switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree hello-time <1-10>	Admin EXEC	Specify the hello-time interval (seconds).	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree hello-time 5 switch(config)# exit

Table 8: Spanning Tree (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
no spanning-tree hello-time	Admin EXEC	Restore to default hello-time. Default hello-time is 2.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree hello-time switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree forward-delay <4-30>	Admin EXEC	Specify the forward-delay interval (seconds).	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree forward-delay 30 switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree forward-delay	Admin EXEC	Restore to default forward-delay. Default forward-delay is 15.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree forward-delay switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree maximum-age <6-40>	Admin EXEC	Specify the maximum-age time (seconds).	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree maximum-age 10 switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree maximum-age	Admin EXEC	Restore to default maximum-age. Default maximum-age is 20.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree maximum-age switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree tx-hold-count <1-10>	Admin EXEC	Specify the tx-hold-count value.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree tx-hold-count 10 switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree tx-hold-count	Admin EXEC	Restore to default tx-hold-count. Default tx-hold-count is 6.	switch# configure switch(config)# no spanning-tree tx-hold-count switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree pathcost method (long short)	Admin EXEC	Specify the type of pathcost value as 32 bits (long). Specify the type of pathcost value as 16 bits (short).	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree pathcost method short switch(config)# exit
[no] spanning-tree	Admin EXEC	Enable or Disable Spanning-Tree Protocol per port.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree port-priority <0-240>	Admin EXEC	Specify the STP port priority; must use multiples of 16.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree port-priority 64 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree port-priority	Admin EXEC	Restore to default port-priority. Default port-priority is 128.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# no spanning-tree port-priority switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit

Table 8: Spanning Tree (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
spanning-tree cost long <0-200000000>	Admin EXEC	Specify the STP port cost. In long pathcost method, the range is from 0 to 20000000. (0 = Auto)	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree cost long 200000 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree cost short <0-65535>	Admin EXEC	Specify the STP port cost. In short pathcost method, the range is from 0 to 65535. (0 = Auto).	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree cost short 1000 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree cost	Admin EXEC	Restore to default cost per port. Default cost is 0.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# no spanning-tree cost switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
[no] spanning-tree edge	Admin EXEC	Enable or Disable Spanning-Tree edge.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree edge switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree link-type point-to-point	Admin EXEC	Specify the STP port link-type to point-to-point.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree link-type point-to-point switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
no spanning-tree link-type point-to-point	Admin EXEC	Disable the STP port link-type from point-to-point.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# no spanning-tree link-type point-to-point switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree mcheck	Admin EXEC	Specify the STP port to migrate port.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# spanning-tree mcheck switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree mst-config-id revision-level LEVEL<0-65535>	Admin EXEC	Specify the MSTP mst-config-id revision level.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree mst-config-id revision-level 100 switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree mst-config-id name NAME<32>	Admin EXEC	Specify the MSTP mst-config-id name.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree mst-config-id name MST1 switch(config)# exit

Table 8: Spanning Tree (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] spanning-tree instance-id INST<1-15>	Admin EXEC	Create or delete MSTP instance ID.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree instance-id 10 switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree instance-id INST<1-15> vlan (add remove) VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	Add or remove VLAN from instance.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree instance-id 10 vlan add 10-20 switch(config)# exit
spanning-tree instance-id INST<1-15> priority VALUE<0-61440>	Admin EXEC	Specify the instance priority.	switch# configure switch(config)# spanning-tree instance-id 10 priority 1000 switch(config)# exit

VLAN

Table 9: VLAN

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show vlan default-vlan	User EXEC	Display information about default VLAN.	switch# show vlan default-vlan
show vlan VLAN-LIST interfaces IF_PORTS membership	User EXEC	Display information about VLAN list.	switch# show vlan 1 interfaces GigabitEthernet 10 membership
show vlan [(VLAN-LIST dynamic static)]	User EXEC	Display information about VLAN list or dynamic or static.	switch# show vlan 1 switch# show vlan dynamic switch# show vlan static
show interfaces IF_PORTS	User EXEC	Use "show interface" command to show port counters, parameters and status.	show interfaces GigabitEthernet 1
show interfaces IF_PORTS status	User EXEC	Use "show interface" command to show port status.	show interfaces GigabitEthernet 1 status
show interfaces IF_PORTS protected	User EXEC	Use "show interface" command to show port protected status.	show interfaces GigabitEthernet 1 protected
show interfaces switchport IF_PORTS	User EXEC	Use "show interface switchport" command to show port VLAN status.	switch# show interfaces switchport GigabitEthernet 1
[no] vlan VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	Create or remove a VLAN entry. Using "vlan" command to enter the VLAN configuration mode.	switch (config)# vlan 100 switch (config)# no vlan 100
name NAME	Admin EXEC	Configure the name of a VLAN entry.	switch(config)# vlan 100 switch(config-vlan)# name VLAN-one-hundred
switchport mode hybrid	Admin EXEC	Hybrid port: Support all functions as defined in IEEE 802.1Q specification.	switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid
show management-vlan	User EXEC	Display information about management VLAN.	switch(config)# show management-vlan

Table 9: VLAN (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
switchport hybrid pvid <1-4094>	Admin EXEC	This command configures the hybrid port's PVID. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport hybrid pvid 100
[no] switchport hybrid ingress-filtering	Admin EXEC	This command per port configures the ingress-filtering status. This filtering is used to filter the frames come from the non-member ingress port. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport hybrid ingress-filtering
switchport hybrid acceptable-frame-type (all tagged-only untagged-only)	Admin EXEC	This command per port configures the acceptable-frame-type. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport hybrid acceptable-frame-type tagged-only
switchport hybrid allowed vlan add VLAN-LIST [(tagged untagged)]	Admin EXEC	This command per hybrid port configures adds the allowed VLAN list. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport hybrid allowed vlan add 1 tagged
switchport hybrid allowed vlan remove VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	This command per hybrid port configures removes the allowed VLAN list. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport hybrid allowed vlan remove 100
[no] switchport default-vlan tagged	Admin EXEC	This command perport configures the membership of the default VLAN to tagged. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport default-vlan tagged
[no] switchport forbidden default-vlan	Admin EXEC	This command perport configures the membership of the default VLAN to forbidden. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport forbidden default-vlan

Table 9: VLAN (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
switchport forbidden vlan (add remove) VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	This command perport configures the membership of the specified VLANs to forbidden. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport mode hybrid switch(config-if)# switchport forbidden vlan 100
management-vlan vlan <1-4094> no management-vlan	Admin EXEC	(1) Set <1-4094> as management VLAN ID; it is recommended to first create the VLAN and then assign the port to it. (2) When using no command, restore management VLAN to default VLAN. (3) To view the created management VLAN, use "show management-vlan".	(1) The following example specifies that management VLAN 2 is created. switch(config)# management-vlan vlan 2 (2) The following example specifies that management-VLAN is restored to be default VLAN. switch(config)# no management-vlan

Q-in-Q

Table 10: Q-in-Q

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
switchport outerpvid <1-4094>	Admin EXEC	This command configures the hybrid port's Outer PVID. Use "show interface switchport" command to show configuration.	This example sets gi2's Outer PVID to 1024. switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# switchport outerpvid 1024
switchport qinqmode (nni uni)	Admin EXEC	The qinqmode is used to configure the hybrid port for different port roles. Nni: transfer frame will be add outer tag Vlan-Identifier Uni: transfer frame will not be add outer tag Vlan-Identifier.	This example shows how to change gi1 to nni mode and gi2 to uni mode. switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# switchport qinqmode nni switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# switchport qinqmode uni
vlan outertpid <0x0000-0xFFFF>	Admin EXEC	Use "vlan outertpid" command to change outer VLAN's Tag Protocol Identifier(tpid) configuration.	This example shows how to modify Tag Protocol Identifier configuration. switch(config)# vlan outertpid 0x9100

Link Aggregation

Table 11: Link Aggregation

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show lag	User EXEC	Use "show lag" command to show current LAG load balance algorithm and members active/inactive status.	This example shows how to show current LAG status. switch# show lag
lag load-balance (src-dst-mac src-dst-mac-ip src-port)	Admin EXEC	Link aggregation group port should transmit packets spread to all ports to balance traffic loading. Two algorithms are supported; use this command to select the required algorithm.	This example shows how to change load balance algorithm to src-dst-mac-ip. switch(config)# lag load-balance src-dst-mac-ip
no lag load-balance	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable load-balance.	This example shows how to disable load balance algorithm. switch(config)# no lag load-balance
lag <1-8> mode (static active passive)	Admin EXEC	Link aggregation group function aggregates multiple physical ports into one logic port to increase bandwidth. This command makes normal port joins a normal port to a specific LAG logic port in static or dynamic mode.	This example shows how to create a dynamic LAG and join fa1-fa3 to this LAG. switch(config)# interface range fa1-3 switch(config-if)# lag 1 mode active
no lag	Admin EXEC	Use "no lag" to leave the LAG logic port.	This example shows how to remove gi1 from LAG. switch(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1 switch(config-if)# no lag
lacp system-priority <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	LACP system priority is used for two connected DUT to select master switch. Lower system priority value has higher priority. The DUT with higher priority can decide which ports are able to join the LAG.	This example shows how to configure lacp system priority to 1000. switch(config)# lacp system-priority 1000
no lacp system-priority	Admin EXEC	Use "no lacp system-priority" to restore to the default priority value. Use "show running-config" command to show configuration.	This example shows how to restore lacp system priority to default value. switch(config)# no lacp system-priority

Table 11: Link Aggregation (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
lacp port-priority <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	LACP port priority is used for two connected DUT to select aggregation ports. Lower port priority value has higher priority. The port with higher priority will be selected into LAG first. Use "show running-config" command to show configuration.	This example shows how to configure interface fa1 lacp port priority to 100. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# lacp port-priority 100
no lacp port-priority	Admin EXEC	Use no form to restore port-priority to default value.	
lacp timeout (long short)	Admin EXEC	LACP must send LACP packet to partner switch to check the link status. This command configures the LACP packet sending interval.	This example shows how to configure interface fa1 lacp timeout to short. switch(config)# interface fa1 switch(config-if)# lacp timeout short
no lacp timeout	Admin EXEC		

GARP

Table 12: GARP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show garp	User EXEC	Display GARP status.	switch# show garp
garp join-time <6-600>	Admin EXEC	Set interval of join timer.	switch(config)# garp join-time 10
garp leave-time <12-3000>	Admin EXEC	Set interval of leave timer.	switch(config)# garp leave-time 30
garp leaveall-time <12-12000>	Admin EXEC	Set interval of leave all timer.	switch(config)# garp leaveall-time 240
garp timer join <6-600> leave <12-3000> leaveall <12-12000>	Admin EXEC	Set interval of all timers.	switch(config)# garp timer join 10 leave 30 leaveall 240

GVRP

Table 13: GVRP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show gvrp	User EXEC	Display GVRP status.	switch# show gvrp
[no] gvrp	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable GVRP function.	switch(config)# gvrp

Port Mirror

Table 14: GVRP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show mirror	User EXEC	Display all mirror sessions.	switch# show mirror
show mirror session <1-4>	User EXEC	Specify the mirror session to display.	switch# show mirror session 1
mirror session <1-4> source interfaces IF_PORTS (both rx tx)	Admin EXEC	Specify the mirror session to configure. Specify the source interface, include physical ports and LA port. Specify the traffic direction to mirror.	switch# configure switch(config)# mirror session 1 source interface fa2-5 both switch(config)# exit
mirror session <1-4> destination interface IF_NMLPORT [allow-ingress]	Admin EXEC	Specify the mirror session to configure. Specify the SPAN destination. A destination must be a physical port. Enable ingress traffic forwarding.	switch# configure switch(config)# mirror session 1 destination interface fa1 switch(config)# exit
no mirror session (<1-4> all)	Admin EXEC	Clear the configuration of specified mirror session. Clear the configuration of all of the mirror sessions.	switch# configure switch(config)# no mirror session 1 switch(config)# exit
no mirror session <1-4> destination interface IF_NMLPORT	Admin EXEC	Delete the destination interface of the mirror session.	switch# configure switch(config)# no mirror session 1 destination interface fa1 switch(config)# exit
no mirror session <1-4> source interfaces IF_PORTS (both rx tx)	Admin EXEC	Delete the source interface of the mirror session. Delete the traffic direction of the mirror port.	switch# configure switch(config)# no mirror session 1 source interface fa2-5 both switch(config)# exit

LLDP

Table 15: LLDP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show lldp	User EXEC	Display LLDP information.	switch# show lldp
show lldp interfaces IF_NMLPORTS	User EXEC	Display LLDP information in specified ports.	switch# show lldp interfaces fa5
show lldp local-device	User EXEC	Display the local configuration.	switch# show lldp local-device
show lldp interfaces IF_NMLPORTS local-device	User EXEC	Display the local configuration in specified ports.	switch# show lldp interfaces fa5,fa6 local-device
show lldp neighbor	User EXEC	Display the neighbor's LLDP information.	switch# show lldp neighbor

Table 15: LLDP (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show lldp interfaces IF_NMLPORTS neighbor	User EXEC	Display the neighbor's LLDP information in specified ports.	switch# show lldp interfaces fa5,fa6 neighbor
show lldp statistics	User EXEC	Display the LLDP RX/TX statistics.	switch# show lldp statistics
show lldp interfaces IF_NMLPORTS statistics	User EXEC	Display the LLDP RX/TX statistics in specified ports.	switch# show lldp interfaces fa5,fa6 statistics
show lldp interfaces IF_NMLPORTS tlvs-overloading	User EXEC	Display the length of LLDP TLVs and if the TLVs overload the PDU length in specified ports.	switch# show lldp interfaces fa5,fa6 tlvs-overloading
clear lldp statistics	Admin EXEC	Clear statistics of LLDP.	switch# clear lldp statistics
[no] lldp	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable LLDP.	switch(config)# lldp
[no] lldp tx	Admin EXEC	Per port disable or enable LLDP TX.	switch(config-if)# lldp rx
[no] lldp rx	Admin EXEC	Per port disable or enable LLDP RX.	switch(config-if)# lldp tx
lldp holdtime-multiplier <2-10>	Admin EXEC	Set the LLDP PDU hold multiplier that decides time-to-live (TTL) value sent in LLDP advertisements: TTL = (tx-interval * holdtime-multiplier).	switch(config)# lldp holdtime-multiplier 4
no lldp holdtime-multiplier	Admin EXEC		switch(config)# no lldp holdtime-multiplier
lldp tx-interval <5-32767>	Admin EXEC	Set the LLDP TX interval.	switch(config)# lldp tx-interval 30
no lldp tx-interval	Admin EXEC		switch(config)# no lldp tx-interval
lldp reinit-delay <1-10>	Admin EXEC	Set the LLDP re-initial delay. This delay avoids LLDP generating too many PDUs if the port is up and down frequently.	switch(config)# lldp reinit-delay 2
no lldp reinit-delay	Admin EXEC		switch(config)# no lldp reinit-delay
lldp tx-delay <1-8191>	Admin EXEC	Set the delay in seconds between successive LLDP frame transmissions. The delay starts to count any time that LLDP PDU is sent, such as by LLDP PDU advertise routine, LLDP PDU content change, port link up, etc.	switch(config)# lldp tx-delay 2
no lldp tx-delay	Admin EXEC		switch(config)# no lldp tx-delay
lldp tlv-select pvid (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	This command per port configures the 802.1 PVID TLV attach enable status.	switch(config-if)# lldp tlv-select pvid enable

Table 15: LLDP (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
no lldp tlv-select pvid	Admin EXEC		switch(config-if)# no lldp tlv-select pvid
lldp tlv-select vlan-name (add remove) VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	The commands per port add or remove VLAN list for 802.1 VLAN-NAME TLV.	switch(config-if)# lldp tlv-select vlan-name add 1,2,3,4
lldp tlv-select TLV [TLV] [TLV] [TLV] [TLV] [TLV] [TLV]	Admin EXEC	This command per port configures the selected TLV attaching in PDU.	switch(config-if)# lldp tlv-select port-desc sys-name sys-desc sys-cap mac-phy lag max-frame-size management-addr
no lldp tlv-select	Admin EXEC		switch(config-if)# no lldp tlv-select
lldp lldpdu (filtering bridging flooding)	Admin EXEC	This command globally configures the LLDP PDU handling behavior when LLDP is globally disabled. It should be noted that if LLDP is globally enabled and per port LLDP RX status is configured to disable, the received LLDP PDU is dropped instead of taking the global disable behavior.	switch(config)# lldp lldpdu filtering
no lldp lldpdu	Admin EXEC		switch(config)# no lldp lldpdu

Multicast

IGMP Snooping

Table 16: IGMP Snooping

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip igmp snooping	User EXEC	This command will display IP IGMP snooping global info.	switch# show ip igmp snooping
show ip igmp snooping router	User EXEC	This command will display the IP IGMP router info.	switch# show ip igmp snooping router
show ip igmp snooping groups [(dynamic static)]	User EXEC	This command will display the IP IGMP groups for dynamic or static or all types.	switch# show ip igmp snooping groups switch# show ip igmp snooping groups dynamic switch# show ip igmp snooping groups static
show ip igmp snooping vlan [VLAN-LIST]	User EXEC	This command will display IP IGMP snooping VLAN info.	switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan
show ip igmp snooping groups counters	User EXEC	This command will display the IP IGMP group counter include static group.	switch# show ip igmp snooping counters

Table 16: IGMP Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip igmp snooping querier	User EXEC	This command will display all of the static VLAN IP IGMP querier info.	switch# show ip igmp snooping querier
clear ip igmp snooping groups [(dynamic static)]	Admin EXEC	This command will clear the IP IGMP groups for dynamic or static or all types.	switch# clear ip igmp snooping groups static
clear ip igmp snooping statistics	Admin EXEC	This command will clear the IGMP statistics.	switch# clear ip igmp snooping statistics
[no] ip igmp snooping	Admin EXEC	"No IP IGMP snooping" will clear all ip igmp snooping dynamic groups and dynamic router ports, and make the static IP IGMP group invalid. Subsequently, dynamic group and router port will not be learned via IGMP message.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping switch(config)# no ip igmp snooping
[no] ip igmp snooping report-suppression	Admin EXEC	"No IP IGMP snooping report-suppression" will disable IGMP v1/v2 IGMP report suppression function. When received, report will be forwarded to the VLAN router ports.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping report-suppression switch(config)# no ip igmp snooping report-suppression
no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST group A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	"IP IGMP snooping vlan 1 static-group 224.1.1.1 interfaces gi1" will add static group. The static group will not learn other dynamic ports. If the dynamic group exists, the static group will overlap the dynamic group. If the last member of the static group is removed, the static group will be deleted. To validate the static group, IGMP snooping VLAN and IP IGMP snooping must be enabled. Use "Show IP IGMP snooping group [(dynamic static)]" command to display configuration. Use "No IP IGMP snooping vlan 1 group 224.1.1.1" command to delete the static group. The "clear ip igmp snooping groups" command can also be used to delete the static group.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 static-group 224.1.1.1 interfaces gi1-2

Table 16: IGMP Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
no ip unknown-multicast action	Admin EXEC	When IGMP snooping and MLD snooping are disabled, router port actions cannot be set. Disabling IGMP snooping & MLD snooping will flood multicast traffic to all members of the VLAN. When the action is a router port flood or drop, it will delete the unknown multicast group entry.	switch(config)# ip unknown-multicast action router-port switch(config)# no ip unknown-multicast action
[no] ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST fastleave [no] ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST router learn pim-dvmrp ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST robustness-variable <1-7> no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST robustness-variable ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST response-time <5-20> no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST response-time ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST query-interval <30-18000> no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST query-interval ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-member-query-interval <1-25> no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-member-query-interval ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-member-query-count <1-7> no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-member-query-count	Admin EXEC	"No IP IGMP snooping vlan 1 (last-member-query-count last-member-query-interval query-interval response-time robustness-variable)" will set the VLAN parameters to default. The CLI setting will change the IP IGMP VLAN parameters admin settings.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 fastleave switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 last-member-query-count 5 switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 last-member-query-interval 3 switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 query-interval 100 switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 response-time 12 switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 robustness-variable 4

Table 16: IGMP Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	"No IP IGMP snooping vlan 1" will clear all VLAN IP IGMP snooping dynamic groups and dynamic router ports, and invalidate any static IP IGMP groups with a VLAN ID of 1. Subsequently, the dynamic groups and router ports will not be learned via IGMP message for VLAN 1.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1
ip igmp snooping version (2 3)	Admin EXEC	"IP IGMP snooping version 3" supports v3 basic mode. When the version changes from v3 to v2, all querier versions will update to version 2.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping version 3
no ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST querier [version (2 3)] ip igmp snooping vlan VLAN-LIST querier	Admin EXEC	When IP IGMP vlan querier is enabled, a router selection process will be triggered. The selected router will send a general and specific query.	switch(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 2 querier

MLD Snooping

Table 17: MLD Snooping

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip mld snooping	User EXEC	This command will display IP MLD snooping global info.	switch# show ip mld snooping
show ip mld snooping router	User EXEC	This command will display the IP MLD router info.	switch# show ip mld snooping router
show ip mld snooping groups [(dynamic static)]	User EXEC	This command will display the IP MLD groups for dynamic or static ports, or for all types.	switch# show ip mld snooping groups switch# show ip mld snooping groups dynamic Switch# show ip mld snooping groups static
show ip mld snooping vlan [VLAN-LIST]	User EXEC	This command will display IP MLD snooping VLAN info.	switch# show ip mld snooping vlan
show ip mld snooping groups counters	User EXEC	This command will display the IP MLD group counter include static group.	switch# show ip mld snooping counters
show ip mld snooping querier	User EXEC	This command will display all of the static VLAN IP MLD querier info.	switch# show ip mld snooping querier

Table 17: MLD Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
clear ip mld snooping groups [(dynamic static)]	Admin EXEC	This command will clear the IP MLD groups for dynamic or static ports, or for all types.	switch# clear ip mld snooping groups static
clear ip mld snooping statistics	Admin EXEC	This command will clear the MLD statistics.	switch# clear ip mld snooping statistics
[no] ip mld snooping	Admin EXEC	"No IP MLD snooping" will clear all IP MLD snooping dynamic groups and dynamic router ports, and make the static IP MLD group invalid. Subsequently, the dynamic group and router ports will not be learned via MLD message.	switch(config)# ip mld snooping switch(config)# no ip mld snooping
[no] ip mld snooping report-suppression	Admin EXEC	"No IP MLD snooping report-suppression" will disable MLD v1/v2 MLD report suppression function. Reports received will be forwarded to the VLAN router ports.	switch(config)# ip mld snooping report-suppression switch(config)# no ip mld snooping report-suppression
[no] ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST static-group X:X::X:X interfaces IF_PORTS no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST group X:X::X:X	Admin EXEC	"IP MLD snooping vlan 1 static-group ff0e:dd::00:dd interfaces gi1" will add static group. The static group will not learn other dynamic ports. If the dynamic group exists, the static group will overlap the dynamic group. If the last member of the static group is removed, the static group will be deleted. For the static group to be valid, IGMP snooping VLAN and IP IGMP snooping must both be enabled. Use "Show IP IGMP snooping group [(dynamic static)]" to display the configuration. Use "No IP MLD snooping vlan 1 group ff0e:dd::00:dd" or "Clear IP MLD snooping groups" to delete the static group.	switch(config)# ip mld snooping vlan 1 static-group ff0e:dd::00:dd interfaces gi1-2

Table 17: MLD Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST fastleave [no] ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST router learn pim-dvmp ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST robustness- variable <1-7> no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST robustness- variable ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST response- time <5-20> no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST response- time ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST query-inter- val <30-18000> no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST query-inter- val ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-mem- ber-query-interval <1- 25> no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-mem- ber-query-interval ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-mem- ber-query-count <1-7> no ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST last-mem- ber-query-count	Admin EXEC	"No IP MLD snooping vlan 1 (last-member-query-count last-member-query-inter- val query-interval response-time robustness- variable)" will set the VLAN parameters to default. The CLI setting will change the IP MLD vlan parameters admin settings.	switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 fastleave switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 last-member-query- count 5 switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 last-member-query- interval 3 switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 query-interval 100 switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 response-time 12 switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1 robustness-variable 4
[no] ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST	Admin EXEC	"No IP MLD snooping vlan 1" will clear vlan all IP MLD snooping dynamic group and dynamic router ports, and invalidate any static IP MLD group invalid with a VLAN ID of 1. Subse- quently, the dynamic group and router ports will not be learned via MLD message for VLAN 1.	switch(config)# ip mld snoop- ing vlan 1

Table 17: MLD Snooping (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip mld snooping version (1 2)	Admin EXEC	"IP MLD snooping version 2", supports v2 basic mode. When the version changes from v2 to v1, all querier versions will update to version 2.	switch(config)# ip mld snooping version 2
ip mld snooping vlan VLAN-LIST querier [version (1 2)] no ip mld snooping [vlan VLAN-LIST] querier	Admin EXEC	When enable IP MLD vlan querier is enabled, a router selection process will be triggered. The selected router will send a general and specific query.	switch(config)# ip mld snooping vlan 2 querier

Redundancy

X-Ring

Table 18: X-Ring

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show xring-elite	User EXEC	Display xring-elite status.	switch# show xring-elite
[no] xring-elite	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable xring-elite function.	switch(config)# no xring-elite switch(config)# xring-elite
xring-elite ring-id <1-255> ports IF_PORTS	Admin EXEC	Create a normal ring.	switch(config)# xring-elite ring-id 1 ports GigabitEthernet 1,2
xring-elite legacy ring-id <1-255> ports IF_PORTS	Admin EXEC	Create a legacy ring.	switch(config)# xring-elite legacy ring-id 2 ports GigabitEthernet 3,4
no xring-elite ring-id <1-255>	Admin EXEC	Delete a normal ring or legacy ring.	switch(config)# no xring-elite ring-id 1
show xring-plus	User EXEC	Display xring-plus status.	switch# show xring-plus
[no] xring-plus	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable xring-plus function.	switch(config)# no xring-plus switch(config)# xring-plus
xring-plus create ring-id <1-255> interface IF_PORT interface IF_PORT	Admin EXEC	Create a ring.	switch(config)# xring-plus create ring-id 5 interface GigabitEthernet 1 interface GigabitEthernet 2
xring-plus create ring-id <1-255> coupling interfaces IF_PORTS master-ring ring-id <1-255>	Admin EXEC	Create a coupling.	switch(config)# xring-plus create ring-id 6 coupling interfaces 3 master-ring ring-id 5 switch(config)# xring-plus create ring-id 6 coupling interfaces 3,4 master-ring ring-id 5
xring-plus delete ring-id <1-255>	Admin EXEC	Delete a ring or coupling.	switch(config)# xring-plus delete ring-id 5

QoS

Rate Limit

Table 19: Rate Limit

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show rate-limit	User EXEC	Display rate-limit information.	switch# show rate-limit
show rate-limit interfaces IF_NMLPORTS	User EXEC	Display rate-limit information in specified interface.	switch# show rate-limit interfaces fa 5
rate-limit ingress <16-1000000>	Admin EXEC	Set ingress rate-limit.	switch(config-if)# rate-limit ingress 10000
no rate-limit ingress	Admin EXEC	No ingress rate-limit.	switch(config-if)# no rate-limit ingress
rate-limit egress <16-1000000>	Admin EXEC	Set egress rate-limit.	switch(config-if)# rate-limit egress 10000
no rate-limit egress	Admin EXEC	No egress rate-limit.	switch(config-if)# no rate-limit egress
rate-limit egress queue <1-8> <16-1000000>	Admin EXEC	Set egress rate-limit in queue.	switch(config-if)# rate-limit egress queue 3 10000
no rate-limit egress queue <1-8>	Admin EXEC	No egress rate-limit in queue.	switch(config-if)# no rate-limit egress queue 3

QoS

Table 20: QoS

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show qos	User EXEC	Display qos state.	switch# show qos
show qos queueing	User EXEC	Display qos queueing state.	switch# show qos queueing
show qos interfaces IF_PORTS	User EXEC	Display qos state by interface.	switch# show qos interface gi1
show qos map [(cos-queue dscp-queue precedence-queue queue-cos queue-dscp queue-precedence)]	User EXEC	Display qos map detail.	switch# show qos map
[no] qos	Admin EXEC	Enabled or disabled the device to qos mode.	switch# configure switch(config)# qos switch(config)# exit
qos queue strict-priority-num <0-8>	Admin EXEC	Specify the strict priority queue number.	switch# configure switch(config)# qos queue strict-priority-num 1 switch(config)# exit
qos queue weight SEQUENCE	Admin EXEC	Specify the non-strict priority queue weight value. The valid queue weight value is from 1 to 127.	switch# configure switch(config)# qos queue weight 3 switch(config)# exit

Table 20: QoS (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
qos map cos-queue SEQUENCE to <1-8>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show CoS to queue map	switch# configure switch(config)# qos map cos-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config)# exit
qos map dscp-queue SEQUENCE to <1-8>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show DSCP to queue map.	switch# configure switch(config)# qos map dscp-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config)# exit
qos map precedence-queue SEQUENCE to <1-8>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show IP Precedence to queue map.	switch# configure switch(config)# qos map precedence-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config)# exit
qos trust (cos cos-dscp dscp precedence)	Admin EXEC	Specify the device to trust CoS. Specify the device to trust DSCP for IP packets, and trust CoS for non-IP packets. Specify the device to trust DSCP. Specify the device to trust IP Precedence	switch# configure switch(config)# qos trust cos switch(config)# qos trust dscp switch(config)# exit
no qos trust	Admin EXEC	Clear qos trust configure.	switch# configure switch(config)# no qos trust switch(config)# exit
qos cos <0-7>	Admin EXEC	Specify the CoS value for the interface.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# qos cos 1 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
[no] qos trust	Admin EXEC	Enabled or disabled the qos mode per port.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# qos switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
qos map queue-cos SEQUENCE to <0-7>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show CoS to queue map.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# qos map cos-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
qos map queue-dscp SEQUENCE to <0-63>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show DSCP to queue map.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# qos map dscp-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit

Table 20: QoS (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
qos map queue-precedence SEQUENCE to <0-7>	Admin EXEC	Configure or show IP Precedence to queue map.	switch# configure switch(config)# interface gi1 switch(config-if)# qos map precedence-queue 6 7 to 1 switch(config-if)# exit switch(config)# exit
[no] qos remark (cos dscp precedence)	Admin EXEC		

Security

Loop Detection / Prevention

Table 21: Loop Detection / Prevention

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show loopback-detection	User EXEC	Display loopback-detection global status.	switch# show loopback-detection
show loopback-detection interfaces IF_PORTS state	User EXEC	Display loopback-detection status of specified ports.	show loopback-detection interfaces GigabitEthernet 1,2 state
[no] loopback-detection	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable loopback-detection.	switch(config)# loopback-detection switch(config)# no loopback-detection
loopback-detection interval <1-32767>	Admin EXEC	Set loopback detection interval.	switch(config)# loopback-detection interval 1
loopback-detection recover-time <60-1000000>	Admin EXEC	Set block port recover time.	switch(config)# loopback-detection recover-time 60
[no] loopback-detection	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable loopback-detection of a specified port.	switch(config-if)# loopback-detection switch(config-if)# no loopback-detection

Storm Control

Table 22: Storm Control

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show storm-control	User EXEC	Display storm-control information.	switch# show storm-control
show storm-control interfaces IF_NMLPORTS	User EXEC	Display storm-control information in specified interface.	switch# show storm-control interfaces fa5
storm-control ifg (include exclude)	Admin EXEC	Decide whether to include/exclude the preamble and inter frame gap into the calculation or not.	switch(config)# storm-control ifg include

Table 22: Storm Control (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
storm-control unit (bps pps)	Admin EXEC	Set the unit of calculation method.	switch(config)# storm-control unit bps
[no] storm-control	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable storm-control.	switch(config)# storm-control
[no] storm-control (broadcast unknown-unicast unknown-multicast)	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable storm-control type.	switch(config-if)# storm-control broadcast
storm-control (broadcast unknown-unicast unknown-multicast) level <1-1000000>	Admin EXEC	Set control rate of storm-control type.	switch(config-if)# storm-control broadcast level 1000
no storm-control (broadcast unknown-unicast unknown-multicast) level	Admin EXEC	No control rate of storm-control type.	switch(config-if)# no storm-control broadcast level
storm-control action (drop shutdown)	Admin EXEC	The storm control mechanism drops packets which exceed storm control rate or just shuts down the port.	switch(config-if)# storm-control action shutdown
no storm-control action	Admin EXEC	Set action to drop.	switch(config-if)# no storm-control action

Port Security

Table 23: Port Security

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show port-security	User EXEC	Display port-security status.	switch# show port-security
[no] port-security [learning-limit <0-64>]	Admin EXEC	Enable port security of a port and specify a maximum FDB learning number of that port. Disable port security.	switch(config-if)# port-security learning-limit 5 switch(config-if)# port-security switch(config-if)# no port-security
[no] mac-violation-notify	Admin EXEC	When a port reaches its maximum FDB learning number, the system will send to SNMP trap for a new MAC.	switch(config-if)# mac-violation-notify switch(config-if)# no mac-violation-notify

802.1X

Table 24: 802.1X

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show dot1x status	User EXEC	Show Dot1x configuration.	switch# show dot1x
[no] dot1x	Admin EXEC	Configure radius server enable/disable. The "dot1x" command globally enables 802.1x ability. The "no dot1x run" command disables the 802.1x ability.	switch#show dot1x switch(config)# no dot1x
dot1x authentication-based (port mac)	Admin EXEC	Configure radius server authentication mode.	switch(config)# dot1x authentication-based port switch(config)# dot1x authentication-based mac
dot1x authentication-port IF_PORTS sectype (authorize disable)	Admin EXEC	Configure radius server authentication port.	switch(config)# dot1x authentication-port FastEthernet 1 sectype authorize switch(config)# dot1x authentication-port FastEthernet 1 sectype disable
dot1x sys-configuration ip X.X.X.X radius-port <1-65535> accounting-port <1-65535> secret WORD<0-128>	Admin EXEC	Configure radius server IP & port and secret key.	switch(config)# dot1x sys-configuration ip 192.168.1.100 radius-port 1812 accounting-port 1813 secret 12345678
dot1x misc-configuration reauth-period <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Configure radius server reauth period.	switch(config)# dot1x misc-configuration reauth-period 3600

Remote Authentication

Table 25: Remote Authentication

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show security-login	User EXEC	Show security login configuration.	switch# show security-login
[no] security-login	Admin EXEC	Use "security-login" command to enable security-login services. Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# security-login switch(config)# no security-login
security-login radius-config ip X.X.X.X port <1-65535> secret WORD<0-128>	Admin EXEC	Configure radius login access control.	switch(config)# security-login radius-config ip 192.168.1.100 port 1812 secret 12345678
security-login tacacs-config ip X.X.X.X port <1-65535> secret WORD<0-128>	Admin EXEC	Configure security login access control.	switch(config)# security-login rtacacs-config ip 192.168.1.100 port 1812 secret 12345678

Table 25: Remote Authentication (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
security-login access-contrl (http telnet ssh all)	Admin EXEC	Configure security login access control.	switch(config)# security-login access-contrl http
no security-login access-contrl (http telnet ssh all)	Admin EXEC	Reset security login access control.	switch(config)# no security-login access-contrl
security-login login-type (radius tacacs both all)	Admin EXEC	Configure security login type.	switch(config)# security-login login-type radius
no security-login login-type	Admin EXEC	Reset security login type.	switch(config)# no security-login login-type

One Time Password

Table 26: One Time Password

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show otp	User EXEC	Show otp configuration.	switch# show otp
[no] otp	Admin EXEC	Use "otp" command to enable otp services. Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# otp switch(config)# no otp
otp secure-key-mode (one-time-used time-restricted)	Admin EXEC	Configure otp secure key mode.	switch(config)# otp secure-key-mode one-time-used switch(config)# otp secure-key-mode time-restricted
otp interval <3600-86400>	Admin EXEC	Configure otp survival time.	switch(config)# otp interval
otp display-mode (attempt-failed fixed-display)	Admin EXEC	Configure otp display mode.	switch(config)# otp display-mode attempt-failed switch(config)# otp display-mode fixed-display
otp ssh-first-phase-auth username WORD<1-32> password WORD<1-32>	Admin EXEC	Configure otp ssh login information.	switch(config)# otp ssh-first-phase-auth username admin password 12345678

Account Manager

Table 27: Account Manager

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show username	User EXEC	Show all user accounts in local database.	switch# show username
show privilege	User EXEC	Show current privilege level.	switch# show privilege

Table 27: Account Manager (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
username WORD<0-32> [privilege (admin user)] (password WORD<0-32>) (secret [encrypted] WORD<0-32>) nopassword	Admin EXEC	Use "username" command to add a new user account or edit an existing user account.	switch(config)# username test privilege admin secret 1234
no username WORD<0-32>	Admin EXEC	Delete an existing user account.	switch(config)# no username test
enable (password (secret [encrypted])) PASSWORD	Admin EXEC	Edit password for each privilege level to enable authentication.	switch(config)# enable secret 1234
no enable	Admin EXEC	Restore enable password to default empty value.	switch(config)# no enable

DoS Attack Prevention

Table 28: DoS Attack Prevention

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show dos	User EXEC	Show current dos global state.	switch# show dos
show dos interfaces IF_PORTS	User EXEC	Show dos configuration on selected ports.	switch# show dos interfaces GigabitEthernet 1
[no] dos (tcp-frag-off-min-check synrst-deny synfin-deny xma-deny nullscan-deny synsportl1024-deny tcpHDR-min-check smurf-deny icmpv6-ping-max-check icmpv4-ping-max-check icmp-frag-pkts-deny ipv6-min-frag-size-check pod-deny tcpblat-deny udpblat-deny land-deny daeqsa-deny)	Admin EXEC	Configure DUT to enable/disable support types of attacks.	switch(config)# no dos land-deny switch(config)# dos land-deny

IP Security

Table 29: IP Security

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip-security	User EXEC	Display IP security information.	switch# show ip-security
[no] ip-security	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable IP security.	switch(config)# ip-security

Table 29: IP Security (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip-security ip A.B.C.D mask A.B.C.D [service (ping http https telnet ssh snmp) state (enable disable)]	Admin EXEC	Add a specified IP (and service) entry for IP security usage.	switch(config)# ip-security ip 192.168.1.1 mask 255.255.0.0 service ping state enable
no ip-security ip A.B.C.D mask A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Remove specified IP security entry.	switch(config)# no ip-security ip 192.168.1.1 mask 255.255.0.0

Management

IP Management

Table 30: IP Management

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip	User EXEC	Show system IPv4 address, subnet mask and default gateway.	switch# show ip
show ip dhcp	User EXEC	Show IPv4 DHCP client enable state.	switch# show ip dhcp
show auto-ip	User EXEC		
[no] ip dhcp	Admin EXEC	Use "IP DHCP" command to enable DHCP client to get IP address from remote DHCP server. Use "No IP DHCP" command to disable DHCP client and use static IP address.	switch(config)# ip dhcp switch(config)# no ip dhcp
ip address A.B.C.D [mask A.B.C.D]	Admin EXEC	Modify administration IPv4 address.	switch(config)# ip address 192.168.1.200 mask 255.255.255.0
default-gateway A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Modify default gateway address.	switch(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.1.100
show ipv6 dhcp	User EXEC	Show system IPv6 DHCP client enable state.	switch# show ipv6 dhcp
show ipv6	User EXEC	Show system IPv6 address, net mask, default gateway and auto config state.	switch# show ipv6
[no] ipv6 dhcp	Admin EXEC	Use "IPv6 DHCP" command enable DHCPv6 client to get IP address from remote DHCPv6 server. Use "No IPv6 DHCP" command to disable DHCPv6 client and use static IPv6 address or IPv6 auto config address.	switch(config)# ipv6 dhcp

Table 30: IP Management (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] ipv6 autoconfig	Admin EXEC	Use "IPv6 autoconfig" command to enable IPv6 auto configuration feature. Use "No IPv6 autoconfig" command to disable IPv6 auto configuration feature.	switch(config)# no ipv6 autoconfig
ipv6 address X:X::X:X prefix <0-128>	Admin EXEC	Use "IPv6 address" command to specify static IPv6 address.	switch(config)# ipv6 address fe80::20e:2eff:fe1:4b3c prefix 128
ipv6 default-gateway X:X::X:X	Admin EXEC	Use "IPv6 default-gateway" command to modify default gateway IPv6 address.	switch(config)# ipv6 default-gateway fe80::dcad:beff:feef:103

SNMP

Table 31: SNMP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show snmp	User EXEC	Display SNMP state.	switch# show snmp
show snmpv3	User EXEC	Display SNMPv3 configure state.	switch# show snmpv3
show snmp trap	User EXEC	Display SNMP trap setting.	switch# show snmp trap
[no] snmp	Admin EXEC	Enable or disabled SNMP engine.	switch# configure switch(config)# snmp switch(config)# exit
[no] snmp trap (auth linkUpDown warm-start cold-start port-security)	Admin EXEC	Specify SNMP trap setting.	switch# configure switch(config)# snmp trap auth switch(config)# exit
snmp community NAME (ro rw)	Admin EXEC	SNMP v1/v2 community name. SNMP community read or readwrite attribute for basic mode.	switch# configure switch(config)# snmp community user rw switch(config)# exit
no snmp community NAME	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMP community name.	switch# configure switch(config)# no snmp community user switch(config)# exit
snmp host (A.B.C.D X::X:X HOSTNAME) [version (1 2c)] NAME	Admin EXEC	SNMP trap host IPv4/IPv6 address or host name. v1/v2c/v3 traps. SNMP community name or user name.	switch# configure switch(config)# snmp host 192.168.1.100 version 2c private switch(config)# exit
no snmp host (A.B.C.D X::X:X HOSTNAME) [version (1 2c)]	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMP host.	switch# configure switch(config)# no snmp host 192.168.1.100 version 2c switch(config)# exit

Table 31: SNMP (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
snmpv3 user NAME (ro rw) auth (md5 sha) password WORD<8-32> priv password WORD<8-32>	Admin EXEC	SNMPv3 user name. SNMPv3 user read or read-write attribute for basic mode. SNMPv3 user security level, auth-protocol, priv-protocol.	switch# configure switch(config)# snmpv3 user root rw auth md5 password 12345678 switch(config)# exit
no snmpv3 user NAME	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMPv3 user name.	switch# configure switch(config)# no snmp user root switch(config)# exit

Configuration Management

Table 32: Configuration Management

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show (startup-config running-config)	Admin EXEC	Show startup/running configuration.	switch# show startup-config switch# show running-config
show running-config interfaces IF_PORTS	Admin EXEC	Show running configuration on selected ports.	switch# show running-config interfaces GigabitEthernet 1
copy running-config (startup-config)	Admin EXEC	Copy running configuration to startup configuration.	switch# copy running-config startupst-config
copy (running-config startup-config) tftp://	Admin EXEC	Copy running/startup configuration to remote tftp server.	switch# copy running-config startupst-config tftp://192.168.1.111/test1.cfg
copy tftp:// (running-config startup-config)	Admin EXEC	Upgrade running/startup configuration from remote tftp server.	switch# copy tftp://192.168.1.111/test2.cfg startup-config
copy (startup-config) running-config	Admin EXEC	Copy startup configuration to running configuration.	switch# copy startupst-config running-config
delete (startup-config flash://)	Admin EXEC	Restore factory default, equal to command "restore-defaults".	switch# delete backup-config
reset	Admin EXEC	Restore system to all factory defaults.	switch# reset
reset except for [ip-address] [vlan] [user-account]	Admin EXEC	Restore system to all factory defaults except for specified settings.	switch# reset except for ip-address
save	Admin EXEC		

Firmware Management

Table 33: Firmware Management

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
boot system (image0 image1)	Admin EXEC	Dual image stores a backup image in the flash partition. Use "boot system" command to select the active firmware image. The other firmware image will become a backup.	switch(config)# boot system image1
delete system (image0 image1)	Admin EXEC	Delete firmware image stored in flash.	switch# delete system image1
copy (flash:// tftp://) (flash:// tftp://)	Admin EXEC	Upgrade/backup firmware image from/to remote tftp server.	switch# copy tftp://192.168.1.100/vmlinux.bix flash://image0

DHCP Server

Table 34: DHCP Server

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show dhcp-server [lease]	User EXEC	Show DHCP server information. Show leased client information.	switch# show dhcp-server switch# show dhcp-server lease
[no] dhcp-server	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server
dhcp-server lease-time <60-86400>	Admin EXEC	Set the lease-time of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server lease-time 16888
dhcp-server global low-ip-address A.B.C.D high-ip-address A.B.C.D subnet-mask A.B.C.D gateway A.B.C.D dns A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Set allocate IP range, subnet mask, gateway, DNS in global settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server global low-ip-address 10.1.1.1 high-ip-address 10.1.2.1 subnet-mask 255.255.0.0 gateway 10.1.1.254 dns 10.1.1.100
no dhcp-server global	Admin EXEC	Remove global settings of DHCP server	switch(config)# no dhcp-server global
dhcp-server interface IF_NMLPORT low-ip-address A.B.C.D high-ip-address A.B.C.D subnet-mask A.B.C.D gateway A.B.C.D dns A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Set allocate IP range, subnet mask, gateway, DNS in specified port settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server interface GigabitEthernet1 low-ip-address 11.1.1.1 high-ip-address 11.1.2.1 subnet-mask 255.255.0.0 gateway 11.1.1.254 dns 11.1.1.100
no dhcp-server interfaces IF_NMLPORT	Admin EXEC	Remove specific port settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# no dhcp-server interfaces GigabitEthernet1

Table 34: DHCP Server (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
dhcp-server vlan entry <1-8> vlan <1-4094> low-ip-address A.B.C.D high-ip-address A.B.C.D subnet-mask A.B.C.D gateway A.B.C.D dns A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Set allocate IP range, subnet mask, gateway, DNS in specified VLAN settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server vlan entry 2 vlan 12 low-ip-address 12.1.1.1 high-ip-address 12.1.2.1 subnet-mask 255.255.0.0 gateway 12.1.1.254 dns 12.1.1.100
no dhcp-server vlan entry <1-8>	Admin EXEC	Remove specific VLAN settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# no dhcp-server vlan entry 2
dhcp-server option82 entry <1-2> low-ip-address A.B.C.D high-ip-address A.B.C.D subnet-mask A.B.C.D gateway A.B.C.D dns A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Set allocate IP range, subnet mask, gateway, DNS in specified option 82 settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server option82 entry 1 low-ip-address 13.1.1.1 high-ip-address 13.1.2.1 subnet-mask 255.255.0.0 gateway 13.1.1.254 dns 13.1.1.100
dhcp-server option82 entry <1-2> circuit-id format (string hex) content WORD<0-120>	Admin EXEC	Set circuit ID in specified option 82 settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server option82 entry 1 circuit-id format string content Hello
dhcp-server option82 entry <1-2> remote-id format (string hex) content WORD<0-120>	Admin EXEC	Set remote ID in specified option 82 settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# dhcp-server option82 entry 1 remote-id format string content World
no dhcp-server option82 entry <1-2>	Admin EXEC	Remove specific option 82 settings of DHCP server.	switch(config)# no dhcp-server option82 entry 1

DHCP Client

Table 35: DHCP Client

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show dhcp-auto-provision	User EXEC	View DHCP-auto-provision status.	switch# show dhcp-auto-provision
[no] dhcp-auto-provision	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable DHCP-auto-provision.	switch(config)# dhcp-auto-provision
[no] ip dhcp option82	Admin EXEC	Enable or disable DHCP option 82 for DHCP client.	switch(config)# ip dhcp option82
ip dhcp option82 circuit-id format (string hex user-define) [content WORD<0-120>]	Admin EXEC	Set circuit-id in DHCP option 82 for DHCP client.	switch(config)# ip dhcp option82 circuit-id format string Hello
ip dhcp option82 remote-id format (string hex user-define) [content WORD<0-120>]	Admin EXEC	Set remote-id in DHCP option 82 for DHCP client.	switch(config)# ip dhcp option82 remote-id format string World

System Log (SYSLOG)

Table 36: System Log (SYSLOG)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show logging	User EXEC	Display the global logging status.	switch# show logging
show logging (buffered file)	User EXEC	Display log of buffer or file.	switch# show logging buffered
clear logging (buffered file)	Admin EXEC	Clear logging information.	switch# clear logging buffered
[no] logging	Admin EXEC	Disable or enable logging service.	switch(config)# logging
logging host (A.B.C.D HOSTNAME) [port <0-65535>] [severity <0-7>] [facility (local0 local1 local2 local3 local4 local5 local6 local7)]	Admin EXEC	Set remote log server information and specify the minimum severity mask and facility of logging message.	switch(config)# logging host 192.168.1.100 severity 6 facility local0
logging (buffered console file) [severity <0-7>]	Admin EXEC	Enable logging into buffer or console of file and specify the minimum severity mask of logging message.	switch(config)# logging buffered severity 6
no logging (buffered console file)	Admin EXEC	Disable logging into buffer or console or file.	switch(config)# no logging buffered
no logging host (A.B.C.D HOSTNAME)	Admin EXEC	Remove remote log server.	switch(config)# no logging host 192.168.1.100

System Time

Table 37: System Time

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
clock source (local sntp)	Admin EXEC	Set the source of time. Use the no form of this command to select the default setting.	switch(config)# clock source sntp switch(config)# show clock detail 08:32:12 test(UTC+5) Sep 21 2012 No time source Time zone: Acronym is DFL Offset is UTC+8
clock timezone ACRO-NYM HOUR-OFFSET [minutes <0-59>]	Admin EXEC	Use the clock timezone command to set timezone setting.	switch(config)# clock timezone test +5 switch(config)# show clock detail 10:13:27 test(UTC+5) Sep 21 2012 No time source Time zone: Acronym is test Offset is UTC+5

Table 37: System Time

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
no clock timezone	Admin EXEC	Use the no form of this command to timezone default setting.	switch(config)# no clock time-zone
sntp host HOSTNAME [port <1-65535>]	Admin EXEC	Use the clock set command to set static time. The static time won't save to configuration file.	switch# clock set 11:03:00 sep 21 2012 11:03:00 DFL(UTC+8) Sep 21 2012
no sntp	Admin EXEC	Use the no form of this command to restore sntp default setting.	switch(config)# no sntp
clock set HH:MM:SS (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2035>	Admin EXEC	Use the clock set command to set static time. The static time won't save to configuration file.	switch# clock set 11:03:00 sep 21 2012 11:03:00 DFL(UTC+8) Sep 21 2012
clock summer-time ACRONYM date (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2037> HH:MM (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2037> HH:MM [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the clock summer-time command to set daylight saving time for system time.	switch(config)# clock summer-time ACRONYM date jan 1 2017 00:00 apr 30 2017 23:59 60
clock summer-time ACRONYM recurring (usa eu) [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the global daylight saving policy defined by an international organization.	switch(config)# clock summer-time DLS recurring usa 60
clock summer-time ACRONYM recurring (<1-5> first last) (sun mon tue wed thu fri sat) (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) HH:MM (<1-5> first last) (sun mon tue wed thu fri sat) (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) HH:MM [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the clock summer-time recurring daylight saving time duration. The first part of the command specifies when summer time begins, and the second part specifies when it ends.	clock summer-time ACRONYM recurring 1 sun jan 20:00 last sun jan 22:00 60
no clock summer-time	Admin EXEC	Use the no form of this command to clock summer-time default setting.	switch(config)# no clock summer-time

SMTP

Table 38: SMTP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show smtp	User EXEC	View SMTP client information.	
smtpc profile-id <1-2> server-ip A.B.C.D server-port <25-25>	Admin EXEC	Set SMTP server's IP and udp port in profile 1 or 2.	switch(config)# smtpc profile-id 1 server-ip 192.168.1.100 server-port 25
smtpc profile-id <1-2> sender-mail WORD<1-64>	Admin EXEC	Set sender's mail address in profile 1 or 2.	switch(config)# smtpc profile-id 1 sender-mail sender@advantech.com.tw
no smtpc profile-id <1-2> sender-mail	Admin EXEC	Remove sender's mail address in profile 1 or 2.	switch(config)# no smtpc profile-id 1 sender-mail sender@advantech.com.tw
smtpc profile-id <1-2> target-mail WORD<1-64>	Admin EXEC	Set target's mail address in profile 1 or 2.	switch(config)# smtpc profile-id 1 sender-mail target@advantech.com.tw
no smtpc profile-id <1-2> target-mail (all WORD<1-64>)	Admin EXEC	Remove target's mail address in profile 1 or 2.	switch(config)# no smtpc profile-id 1 sender-mail target@advantech.com.tw
smtpc active profile-id <1-2>	Admin EXEC	Select an enabled profile for SMTP client used.	switch(config)# smtpc active profile-id 1
no smtpc active profile	Admin EXEC	SMTP client will not use any profile. It means disabled.	switch(config)# no smtpc active profile
smtpc sendmsg title WORD<1-20> content WORD<1-64>	Admin EXEC	Send a mail for testing SMTP client.	switch(config)# smtpc sendmsg title hello content world

NTP Server

Table 39: NTP Server

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ntp-server	User EXEC	Show NTP server configuration.	switch# show ntp-server
[no] ntp-server	Admin EXEC	Use "ntp-server" command to enable NTP server services. Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# ntp-server switch(config)# no ntp-server
ntp-server server-num <1-10> address WORD<0-64>	Admin EXEC	NTP server address configuration.	switch(config)# ntp-server server-num 1 address 192.168.1.100
[no] ntp-server server-num <1-10>	Admin EXEC	Use the command to delete specific NTP server.	switch(config)# ntp-server server-num 1
ntp-server server-time HH:MM:SS (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2035>	Admin EXEC	Use the command to set static time. The static time won't save to configuration file.	switch(config)# ntp-server server-time 11:03:00 sep 21 2012

Table 39: NTP Server (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ntp-server timezone ACRONYM HOUR-OFFSET [minutes <0-59>]	Admin EXEC	Use the command to set timezone setting. Use the no form of this command to default setting.	switch(config)# ntp-server timezone test +5
no ntp-server timezone	Admin EXEC	Disable timezone setting.	
ntp-server summer-time ACRONYM date (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2037> HH:MM (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) <1-31> <2000-2037> HH:MM [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the command to set daylight saving time for system time.	Reference clock summer-time setting.
ntp-server summer-time ACRONYM recurring (usa eu) [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the command to set daylight saving time for system time.	Reference clock summer-time setting.
ntp-server summer-time ACRONYM recurring (<1-5> first last) (sun mon tue wed thu fri sat) (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) HH:MM (<1-5> first last) (sun mon tue wed thu fri sat) (jan feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec) HH:MM [<1-1440>]	Admin EXEC	Use the command to set daylight saving time for system time.	Reference clock summer-time setting.
ntp-server manual-time (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	Manually set the system clock.	switch(config)# ntp-server manual-time enable switch(config)# ntp-server manual-time disable

RMON

Table 40: RMON

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show rmon (statistics history alarms events)	User EXEC	Display RMON setting configuration.	switch# show rmon history
rmon statistics index <1-65535> interface IF_NMLPORT [owner OWNER<1-32>]	Admin EXEC	Specify RMON statistics index. Specify statistics interface. Specify owner.	switch# configure switch(config)# rmon statistics index 10 interface gi1 owner ADV switch(config)# exit
no rmon statistics index <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Delete snmp statistics index.	switch# configure switch(config)# no rmon statistics index 10 switch(config)# exit

Table 40: RMON (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
rmon history index <1-65535> interface IF_NMLPORT [buckets <1-50>] [interval <1-3600>] [owner OWNER<1-32>]	Admin EXEC	Specify RMON history index. Specify history interface. Specify history bucket time. Specify history record interval time. Specify owner.	switch# configure switch(config)# rmon history index 10 interface gi1 buckets 20 interval 1000 owner ADV switch(config)# exit
no rmon history index <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMP history index.	switch# configure switch(config)# no rmon history index 10 switch(config)# exit
rmon alarm index <1-65535> oid-variable OID<255> interval <1-2147483647> (absolute delta) rising-threshold <0-2147483647> rising-event-index <1-65535> falling-threshold <0-2147483647> falling-event-index <1-65535> [owner OWNER<1-32>]	Admin EXEC	Specify RMON alarm index. Specify alarm OID. Specify alarm check value frequency. How to compare values Specify rasing-threshold. Specify rasing-event-index. Specify falling-threshold. Specify falling-event-index. Specify owner.	switch# configure switch(config)# rmon statistics index 10 interface gi1 owner ADV switch(config)# exit
no rmon alarm index <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMP statistics index.	switch# configure switch(config)# no rmon alarm index 10 switch(config)# exit
rmon event index <1-65535> description DESC<128> [log] [trap community-name OWNER<1-32>] [owner OWNER<1-32>]	Admin EXEC	Specify RMON event index. Specify event description. Specify log flag for recording. Specify trap name to send SNMP trap message. Specify owner.	switch# configure switch(config)# rmon event index 10 description Good for us. log trap public owner ADV switch(config)# exit
no rmon event index <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Delete SNMP event index.	switch# configure switch(config)# no rmon event index 10 switch(config)# exit

IP Configuration

Table 41: IP Configuration

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip address A.B.C.D [mask A.B.C.D]	Admin EXEC	Use "IP address" command to modify administration IPv4 address.	switch(config)# ip address 192.168.1.200 mask 255.255.255.0
ip default-gateway A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Use "IP default-gateway" command to modify default gateway address.	switch(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.1.100

Table 41: IP Configuration (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
no ip default-gateway	Admin EXEC	Use "No IP default-gate-way" to restore default gate-way address to factory default.	switch(config)# no ip default-gateway
ip dns A.B.C.D [A.B.C.D]	Admin EXEC	Use "IP DNS" command to modify DNS server address.	switch(config)# ip dns 111.111.111.111
no ip dns A.B.C.D	Admin EXEC	Use "No IP DNS" to delete existing DNS server.	switch(config)# no ip dns 111.111.111.111

TELNET

Table 42: TELNET

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip telnet	Admin EXEC	Use "IP service" command to enable telnet services.	switch(config)# ip telnet
[no] ip telnet	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# no ip telnet

SSH

Table 43: SSH

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip ssh	Admin EXEC	Use "IP service" command to enable ssh services.	switch(config)# ip ssh
[no] ip ssh	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# no ip ssh
show ip ssh	User EXEC	Show current ssh service status.	switch# show ip ssh

HTTP

Table 44: HTTP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ip http	Admin EXEC	Use "IP service" command to enable http services.	switch(config)# ip http
ip https	Admin EXEC	Use "IP service" command to enable https services.	switch(config)# ip https
[no] ip https	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# no ip http
[no] ip http	Admin EXEC	Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# no ip http switch(config)# no ip https

Table 44: HTTP (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show ip (http https)	User EXEC	Show current https or http service status.	switch# show ip https
ip (http https) session-timeout <0-86400>	Admin EXEC	Use "IP session-timeout" command to specify the session timeout value for http or https service.	switch(config)# ip http session-timeout 15 switch(config)# ip https session-timeout 20

Modbus TCP

Table 45: Modbus TCP

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show tcp-modbus status	User EXEC	Show current TCP-modbus status.	switch# show tcp-modbus status
show tcp-modbus timeout	User EXEC	Show current TCP-modbus timeouts value.	switch# show tcp-modbus timeout
[no] tcp-modbus	Admin EXEC	Use "TCP-modbus" command to enable TCP modbus services. Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# tcp-modbus switch(config)# no tcp-modbus

IXM

Table 46: IXM

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
[no] ixm	Admin EXEC	Use "IXM" command to enable IXM services. Use no form to disable service.	switch(config)# ixm switch(config)# no ixm

Diagnostic

Cable Diagnostic

Table 47: Cable Diagnostic

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show cable-diag interfaces IF_NMLPORTS	User EXEC	Display the estimated length of copper cable attached to the ports. Show cable-diag interface all. Display the estimated length of copper cables attached to all ports. show cable-diag interface Display the estimated length of copper cable attached to port gi1.	This example show the cable's information which link in gi1. switch(config)# show cable-diag interfaces gi1 Port Speed Local pair Pair length Pair status -----+-----+-----+----- -----+----- gi1 auto Pair A 0.88 Open Open Pair B 0.87 Open Pair C 0.82 Open Pair D 0.82 Open

DMI

Table 48: DMI

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show dmi IF_PORTS information	Admin EXEC	Use this command to display the information of EEPROM and Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface in SFP Optical Transceivers.	This example show SFP Optical Transceivers information which plug-in fa10. switch# show dmi FastEthernet 10 information
[no] dmi (alarm warning) (temperature voltage txbasis txpower rxpower) (high low) state	Admin EXEC	Use this command to enable/disable the mechanism that monitors SFP Optical Transceiver's Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface information. Use no form to disable warning/alarm mechanism.	This example shows how to enable temperature's high threshold monitor mechanism with alarm level. (Current sfp plug-in in fa10). switch(config)# interface FastEthernet 10 switch(config-if)# dmi alarm temperature high state

Table 48: DMI (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
dmi (alarm warning) (temperature voltage txbasis txpower rxpower) (high low) value INPUT_VALUE	Admin EXEC	Use this command to configure high/low threshold value used to compare with SFP Optical Transceiver's Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface's value (temperature, voltage, etc).	This example shows how to configure the temperature high threshold value is 30.5 with alarm level. switch(config-if)# dmi alarm temperature high value 30.5
[no] dmi alarm-warning message (log snmp mail)	Admin EXEC	Use this command to determine which method to use when notifying of user alarm/warning events.	This example shows how to configure alarm-warning message is system log. switch(config)# dmi alarm-warning message log

IP-based Diagnostic

Table 49: IP-based Diagnostic

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
ping HOSTNAME [count <1-5>] [interval <1-5>] [size <8-5120>]	User EXEC	Use "ping" command to do network ping diagnostic.	switch# ping 192.168.1.100 count 4 interval 4 size 128
ping6 HOSTNAME [count <1-5>] [interval <1-5>] [size <8-5120>]	User EXEC	Use "ping6" command to carry out network ping diagnostic.	switch# ping6 192.168.1.100 count 4 interval 4 size 128
show arp	User EXEC	Use "show arp" command to show all arp entries.	Switch# show arp
clear arp [A.B.C.D]	Admin EXEC	Use "clear arp" command to clear all arp entries or one specific arp entry.	Switch# clear arp

PoE

Table 50: PoE

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show poe (system port)	User EXEC	Use "show PoE (system port)" command to show current PoE setting value and status.	This example shows current PoE status per port. switch# show poe port
poe	Admin EXEC	Use PoE command to enter PoE's control level.	This example shows how to enter PoE control level. switch# configure switch(config)# poe switch(config-poe)#
system powerlimit <0-800>	Admin EXEC	Use "system powerlimit" command to configure how much power can be used in entire system.	This example shows how to configure whole system available power to 720W. switch(config-poe)# system power-limit 120

Table 50: PoE (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
system ac-disconnect (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	Use ac-disconnect command to determine which disconnect type will be selected.	This example shows how to configure disconnect type to DC typeswitch(config-poe)#. system ac-disconnect disable
system overload-disconnect (port-priority overload-port-first)	Admin EXEC	Use system overload-disconnect command to determine which PoE port will supply power when the total power is at full load. There are two algorithms supported, and this command allows selection of the algorithm.	This example shows how to select overload-port-first to be the overload-disconnect's algorithm. switch(config-poe)# system overload-disconnect overload-port-first
interfaces IF_NMLPORT legacy-mode (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	Use "legacy-mode (enable disable)" command to configure supply power mechanism to legacy mode in PoE port.	This example shows how to configure fa1's PoE power to legacy mode. switch(config-poe)# interfaces FastEthernet 1 legacy-mode enable
interfaces IF_NMLPORT state (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	Use "state (enable disable)" command to configure whether PoE port will supply power or not.	This example shows how to stop PoE port supply power via fa1. switch(config-poe)# interfaces FastEthernet 1 state disable
interfaces IF_NMLPORT plfc (enable disable)	Admin EXEC	Use "plfc (enable disable)" command to configure how much power PoE port will supply based on PD's class level.	This example shows how to configure fa1's PoE supply power mode to plfc(power-limit from class). switch(config-poe)# interfaces FastEthernet 1 plfc enable
interfaces IF_NMLPORT priority (low medium high critical)	Admin EXEC	Use "priority (low medium high critical)" command to configure PoE port's priority of power supply sequence.	This example shows how to configure fa1 as the most high priority level in power supply sequence. switch(config-poe)# interfaces FastEthernet 1 priority critical
interfaces IF_NMLPORT power-limit <0-30000>	Admin EXEC	Use "power-limit <0-30000>" command to configure how much power can be used via PoE port.	This example shows how PoE configure fa1's power of POE to 15W. switch(config-poe)# interfaces FastEthernet 1 power-limit 15000

LED

Table 51: LED

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show led	User EXEC	Use "show LED" command to show current LED event status and error times.	This example shows current LED event and its own error times. switch# show led (ALARM LED) EVENTS STATUS ERROR TIMES ----- + ----- + ----- Power Failure ERROR 1 ----- + ----- + -----
[no] led (alarm system)	Admin EXEC	Use "LED (alarm system)" command to configure LED indication mechanism. Use no form to disable LED indication mechanism configuration.	This example shows how to configure enable alarm LED indication mechanism. switch(config)# led alarm
[no] led (alarm system) (power-failure fiber-down always)	Admin EXEC	Use "(power-failure fiber-down always)" command to configure which event will be binding with which LED indication mechanism. Use no form to remove event from LED indication mechanism.	This example shows how to add the event fiber-down to alarm LED indication mechanism. switch(config)# led alarm fiber-down
led system blink interval <0-3>	Admin EXEC	Use "LED system blink interval" command to configure how long system LED will blink for.	This example shows how to configure system LED blink interval. switch(config)# led system blink interval 3

System

Table 52: System

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show version	User EXEC	Use "show version" command to show loader and firmware version and build date.	switch# show version
show info	User EXEC	Use "show info" command to show system summary information.	switch# show info
reboot	Admin EXEC	Use "reboot" command to make system hot restart.	switch# reboot
show language	User EXEC		

Table 52: System (Continued)

Function	Privilege	Description	Example
show flash	User EXEC	Use "show flash" command to show all files" status which stored in flash.	switch# show flash
clear line telnet	Admin EXEC		
terminal length <0-24>	User EXEC		
show network-port	User EXEC	Show network port information.	switch(config)# no network-port type http
[no] network-port type (http https telnet ssh)	Admin EXEC	Use no form to restore default value.	
network-port type (http https telnet ssh) port-num <1-65535>	Admin EXEC	Use the command to change network port.	switch(config)# network-port type http port-num 8080
system name NAME	Admin EXEC	Use "system name" command to modify system name information of the switch.	switch(config)# system name myname
system location LOCATION	Admin EXEC	Use "system contact" command to modify contact information of the switch.	switch(config)# system contact callme
system contact CONTACT	Admin EXEC	Use "system location" command to modify location information of the switch.	switch(config)# system location home