Q: How Can I Check My "4-Wire" RS-485 Port or Converter To Verify Operation?

A: When you're using a RS-485 converter that can be set up for 2-wire or 4-wire RS-485 operation, the RS-485 Receiver must be enabled (Echo On or RS-422 RX Enable) and the Transmitter set to RS-485 Transmit mode. If the port or converter is the only Master talking to all the Slaves, the Transmitter can be set to Enabled as in RS-422 mode, since the Transmit lines to all the Slave Receivers don't need to be shared.

To test the Transmitter outputs and Receiver inputs, the Transmit signals are connected to the Receive inputs. Bridge (connect) the TD(A) line to the RD(A) line, and the TD(B) line to the RD(B) line (similar to 2-wire mode). Refer to Connection figures for loopback connections. Refer to the Table for a list of models and jumper or switch settings. Some converter models require Echo On or Receive Enable to be set by unsoldering a part or cutting a trace.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial Card Models With RS-485 (All have Rx Jumper)</th>
<th>RS-485 Models With Receive/Echo Jumpers or Switch</th>
<th>RS-485 Models Solder Echo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ISA BUS</td>
<td>485BAT3 - sw1B Off</td>
<td>485COSN - remove R7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PXCC1A</td>
<td>485CON - install no jumper pins#18 &amp; 21</td>
<td>485COSR - remove R7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PXCC2A</td>
<td>485COR - install no jumper pins#18 &amp; 21</td>
<td>485LPCOR - cut trace as shown on Fig 2 on Data Sheet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PXCC4A</td>
<td>485CSP2 - Echo on</td>
<td>485PTBR - remove R9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PXOCC1A</td>
<td>485DRC - sw2 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCOCC2A</td>
<td>485DRJ - sw4 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PXSD4A</td>
<td>485HSPR - JP2 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCI BUS</td>
<td>485LDRC - sw2 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCIOSD1A</td>
<td>485O19TB - JP1B On</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCIOSD2A</td>
<td>485OIC - JP1 Off</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCISD1A</td>
<td>485OICR - JP1 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCISD2A</td>
<td>485OISPR - JP2 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3PCISD4A</td>
<td>422OPINB - JP4 422</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>485OT9L - sw5 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>485OTLED - sw5 Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>485TBLLED - Echo On</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Windows 95/98/SE/ME/2000 or NT 4.0: Use ComTest from our Website to check serial ports assigned Com1 or higher under Windows. It can access Com ports 1-8, including USB serial devices. ComTest will let open two different ports to check data from one to another or set DTR high to power a port powered device and raise RTS to transmit and lower it to receive with RTS controlled Converters or ports. **ComTest Features are listed starting on page 6 of this FAQ.**

MS-DOS: Use Simpterm from our Website to check motherboard or ISA based serial ports under DOS. Do not use SimpTerm with Windows. The procedure is similar, but operating details are different.

4-WIRE RS-485 TESTING
LOOPBACK CHECKS
Download & Install The Program

1. Before starting, make a Directory Folder (such as Test) on your hard drive to use when downloading the program.
3. Select Support
4. View the right sidebar for Most Popular Downloads, Software
5. Select ComTest
6. Download into the directory (Test) you previously made.
7. Quit your web browser.
8. Open the directory (Test) you downloaded to.
9. Double-click com_test.exe
10. After file extraction is done, close the DOS window.
11. Double-click Setup within the Test folder.
12. Click Next, then Click Next.
13. Select destination directory.  (default is C:\Program Files\B&B Electronics)
14. Click Next.
15. Click Finish button after “Installation Complete” message.

Note: If operating under Windows, a Com port number must be assigned by Windows, and it must not be used by a serial mouse or open by another application.

MAKE DATA CONNECTIONS

Refer to the connection figures for Serial Card connectors or RS-485 Converters with Echo. Set the Echo On or Receiver to RS-422 mode (4-wire 485 mode).

When the connections use DB9, DB25 or RJ11 connectors, it is usually easiest to wire a matching connector or cable according to the pinouts. Refer to connection figures.

Some models can be looped back with switches as below:

485DRJ - sw1 - set on, sw2 - set on, sw4 - set off
485DRC or 485LDRC - sw3 - set on, sw4 - set on, sw2 - off  (on is up and away from PCB)
485OT9L or 485OTLED - sw6 - on (2W), sw7 - on (2W), sw5 - off (on is toward outside/case)
Note: DB9 & DB25 pin numbers are molded into the connector. To locate pin #1 on the male connector hold the connector horizontally with the row with the most pins on top, the upper leftmost pin is #1. On a female connector, the upper rightmost is #1.

Serial Card Loopback Connections

Fig 1

Male Pin#1

3PX0CC1A
3PC10SD1A

Fig 2

3PXCC1A with MDB25
3PXSD1A with MDB25

MDB25 is an optional cable from RJ45M to DB25M

Fig 3

Male Pin #1

3PXCC1A
3PXCC2A
3PX0CC2A
3PC1SD2A
3PC10SD2A

Fig 4

3PC1SD4A
3PXCC4A with MDB9
3PXSD4A with MDB9

MDB9 is an optional cable from RJ45M to DB9M

8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

RJ-45 Male Plug

RJ-45 Female

3PXCC4A
3PXSD4A

RJ45 Connections
#1 to #3
#2 to #4
CONVERTER CONNECTIONS

4-WIRE RS-485 TESTING

LOOPBACK CHECKS

485DRJ
- Set SW1 ON
- Set SW2 ON
- Connects #1 to #6
- Connects #2 to #5
- Set SW4 OFF to Enable Echo

485DRC
- Set Switches to 2-wire mode
- Enable Echo or RX to
- 422 mode

Models With Terminal Blocks such as 485TBLED
- Position Jumper to Echo On
- AC Outlet

485HSPR 485OISPR

485CON
- Female Pin#1
- 17 14
USING COMTEST TO CHECK OPERATION

1. Make the Test Connections for Loopback and the required setting to Enable RX or Echo. You should already have the Echo On or RX Enabled (422 mode) for 4-wire operation.

2. Start ComTest from your Programs menu under B&B Electronics.

3. Select the Com port number you want to check. ComTest will only show Windows based Com ports that are not in use. If another program is using the port, it will not be available. Please close down any other programs that may be accessing the port. If another program is using the same IRQ number that port is using, you will not be able to use both ports at once unless both devices are PCI or USB based.

4. Accept the default baud rate, data bits, parity, stop bits.

5. If you are checking a RTS Controlled Converter or port: Select Options, then RTS (check marked) to set the RTS indicator red. If using a Port Powered Converter requiring DTR Hi for power, make sure the DTR indicator is red, DTR (check marked).

6. Type some characters in the upper window. The same characters should appear in the lower window. Note that the enter key value will be shown in brackets as <0D>

If data is shown in the lower window when typed in the upper, the Converter or port is working.

Actual signal levels can be checked with a oscilloscope. With no termination, the levels must exceed 200 mV at the receiver, 4 to 4.5 Volts difference between the TD(A) and TD(B) lines is typical when Transmitting. Due to Receiver Biasing (refer to the RS-422/RS-485 Application Note in our Technical Library), the normal DC voltage between RD(A) and RD(B) is about 4 volts (without 120 ohms termination or any devices connected), RD(B) is positive relative to RD(A) or signal ground/common. With a dual trace scope in DC coupling mode, with one channel on TD(A), and the other channel on TD(B), the two lines can be seen as opposite levels, when A is high, B is low and vice versa. The receive lines should have similar voltages input.

Note:

1. RTS Control units require RTS hardware control software to operate properly. RTS control timing can be critical for half duplex RS-485 control, and can be erratic under windows.

2. SD Control units require a matching baud rate setting if preset for 9600 baud. Resistors and/or capacitor values may need to be changed. In 4-wire mode, the SD timing needs to be altered for slower baud rates, but not usually for faster baud rates. If transmit is set for RS-422 mode (single master 4-wire RS-485), the baud rate makes no difference since the transmitter is always active.

3. Many Common problems are caused by wiring custom cables for the RS-232 side, especially DB9 to DB25 and not understanding DTE/DCE devices. Usually Rx and Tx are wrong. Refer to our web site Support, Technical Library for DTE/DCE Illustrations.

ComTest features listed on next page.
B&B Electronics ComTest – A Serial Test Program For Port & Converter Testing With Windows

- A Test Program for Simple Checks of Serial Ports, Serial Converters, Serial DAQ Devices. Works with USB Serial Converters & ISA or PCI Serial Cards
- Serial Port Access under Windows 95/98 and NT 4.0 – Com1-Com8 or above.
- Dual Windows show typed transmit characters in separate window from received characters.
- Transmit & Receive Activity Indicators
- Unprintable Characters Shown in Hex – 2 Digits Within Left & Right Angle Brackets.
- Visual Indication of Handshaking Lines – DTR DSR DCD and RTS CTS. (Red = Hi)
- Option for Setting DTR or RTS lines high or low for port powered devices or RTS Control.
- Option for Repeat Mode – last character or Function Character Sequence is repeated until set off.
- Option for Defining Strings to Output Using F1-F12 Keypress – Useful for DAQ Checkout
- Option for Sending Unprintable Characters – Alt + 3 digit keycode, then release Alt.
- Configuration Settings:
  - Baud Rates 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 9600, 19.2, 28.4, 57.6, 115.2K (9600 default)
  - Parity: None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space (None is default)
  - Data Bits: 5, 6, 7, 8 (8 default)
  - Stop Bits: 1, 1.5, 2 (1 default)

Start ComTest

1. Connect the device to check to the serial port, or if performing a loopback test, make connections.
2. Select Start, Programs, B&B Electronics, ComTest.
3. (If you get Win Port window showing shared modems, click Cancel)
4. ComTest Starts with a Select Port Window.
5. Select the Com port to access or test. (The drop down box shows available ports not in use).
6. Click Ok. Configure Port is shown.
7. Select the needed baud rate, parity, data bits, stop bits. (Defaults are common settings).
8. Type characters – they will appear in the upper window.
9. If performing a loopback test, observe the received characters in the lower window.
10. If sending commands to a serial DAQ device or Smart Switch, enter the control strings and observe the device response or characters returned in the lower window.

4-WIRE RS-485 TESTING
LOOPBACK CHECKS
To Send Non-printable Characters Using Com Test

You can send non-printable control characters in a control string by pressing the Alt key and while holding it down, enter the 3 digit character code using the separate numerical keypad on the computer. For example, Esc=27. Press and hold Alt, then press 0 2 7 then release Alt.

For example: The Command for the 232SDA12 digital output is !0SO and bits. Hold Alt and enter 0 0 1 or 0 0 2 or 0 0 4 to set each bit high. Enter 0 1 6 or 0 6 4 to set the 3 bits low. ComTest cannot send the character value of zero.

Defining Strings To Send Using F1 to F12 Keys

1. Select Options, Strings, then under Key, select the F1 to F12 radio button.
2. Highlight and Delete the default String.
3. Enter the characters to be sent.
4. Select another key to define or OK to close the Window.

Press the F1-F12 key to send the characters. Observe the response.

Setting RTS or DTR High or Low

Select Options on the menu bar.

Select RTS and/or DTR to set Hi. Select to unchecked mode to set Lo.

Exit

When testing is completed, close the program.

Removing Com Test

Close the program.

Select Settings, Control Panel, Add/Remove Programs, Select ComTest.

ComTest will be removed from the Program items.